PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Douglas County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	ļ
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	1
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	2
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	3
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	4
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	5
GENERAL FUND – STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	6
NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	7
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL	18
	10
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED	19



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Directors Park Meadows Metropolitan District Douglas County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Park Meadows Metropolitan District (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Park Meadows Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Park Meadows Metropolitan District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Park Meadows Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.





In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 Park Meadows Metropolitan District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
 estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Park Meadows Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Supplementary Information

Hayrie & Company

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Park Meadows Metropolitan District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Littleton, Colorado June 20, 2023



PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 6,381,008
Cash and Investments - Restricted	85,800
Receivable - County Treasurer	14,630
Receivable - Other	1,698
Prepaid Expenses	27,373
Property Taxes Receivable	2,561,172
Capital Assets, Net	5,444,149
Total Assets	14,515,830
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	201,906
Total Liabilities	201,906
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	2,561,172
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,561,172
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,444,149
Restricted For:	
Emergency Reserves	85,800
Unrestricted	6,222,803
Total Net Position	\$ 11,752,752

PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

			Program Revenues	S	Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Primary Government: Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 1,158,437	\$ -	\$ 1,698	\$ -	\$ (1,156,739)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,158,437	\$ -	\$ 1,698	\$ -	(1,156,739)
	GENERAL REVEN	IUES			
	Property Taxes				2,582,323
	Specific Ownersh	nip Taxes			229,526
	Interest Income				110,670
	Total Genera	al Revenues			2,922,519
	CHANGE IN NET I	POSITION			1,765,780
	Net Position - Begi	nning of Year			9,986,972
	NET POSITION - E	END OF YEAR			\$ 11,752,752

PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2022

ASSETS	 General	 Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and Investments	\$ 732,202	\$ 5,648,806	\$	6,381,008
Cash and Investments - Restricted	85,800	-		85,800
Receivable - County Treasurer	14,630	-		14,630
Receivable - Other	1,698	-		1,698
Prepaid Expenses	27,373	-		27,373
Property Taxes Receivable	 2,561,172	 		2,561,172
Total Assets	\$ 3,422,875	\$ 5,648,806	\$	9,071,681
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$ 93,500	\$ 108,406.00	\$	201,906
Total Liabilities	 93,500	 108,406		201,906
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Property Tax Revenue	2,561,172	-		2,561,172
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,561,172	-		2,561,172
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid Expenses	27,373	-		27,373
Restricted For:				
Emergencies (TABOR)	85,800	-		85,800
Assigned	-	5,540,400		5,540,400
Unassigned	655,030	-		655,030
Total Fund Balances	768,203	5,540,400		6,308,603
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 3,422,875	\$ 5,648,806		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used in governmental activities are				
not financial resources and, therefore, are not				
reported in the funds.				
Capital Assets, Net				5,444,149
Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$	11,752,752

PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

REVENUES		General		Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Property Taxes	\$	2,582,323	\$	_	\$	2,582,323
Specific Ownership Taxes	Ψ	229,526	Ψ	-	Ψ	229,526
Interest Income		45,376		65,294		110,670
HRMD - Quebec Median Landscape Maintenance		1,698		-		1,698
Total Revenues		2,858,923		65,294		2,924,217
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Accounting		34,642		-		34,642
Audit		4,400		-		4,400
County Treasurer's Fees		38,680		-		38,680
Directors' Fees		5,200		-		5,200
Election Costs		9,821		-		9,821
Engineering		4,221		8,237		12,458
Insurance and Bonds		22,007		-		22,007
Landscape Maintenance - Contract		285,900		-		285,900
Landscape Maintenance and Repairs		144,879		-		144,879
Landscape Maintenance and Repairs - Quebec St.		4,476		-		4,476
Landscape Maintenance - PMBID		18,539		-		18,539
Landscape Maintenance - Utilities		35,292		-		35,292
Landscape Maintenance - Tree Care		88,126		_		88,126
Landscape Irrigation Maintenance and Repairs		44,256		-		44,256
Legal		38,937		_		38,937
Management		64,917		_		64,917
Miscellaneous		6,556		_		6,556
Public Relations		9,743		_		9,743
Capital Outlay:		5,1				2,1
Tuckpoint Repair		_		107,480		107,480
Total Expenditures		860,592		115,717		976,309
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		1,998,331		(50,423)		1,947,908
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		-		1,900,000		1,900,000
Transfers Out		(1,900,000)				(1,900,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(1,900,000)		1,900,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		98,331		1,849,577		1,947,908
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		669,872		3,690,823		4,360,695
FUND BALANCES- END OF YEAR	\$	768,203	\$	5,540,400	\$	6,308,603

PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 1,947,908

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset.

Capital Outlay 107,480 Depreciation Expense (289,608)

Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 1,765,780

PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

REVENUES	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	\$ 2.594.976	¢ 2 E02 222	¢ (40.6E3)
Property Taxes	, , , , , ,	\$ 2,582,323	\$ (12,653)
Specific Ownership Taxes Interest Income	207,598 760	229,526 45,376	21,928
	760	45,576	44,616
HRMD - Quebec Median Landscape	1 700	1 600	(02)
Maintenance	1,790	1,698 2,858,923	(92)
Total Revenues	2,805,124	2,858,923	53,799
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Accounting	48,500	34,642	13,858
Audit	4,500	4,400	100
County Treasurer's Fees	38,925	38,680	245
Directors' Fees	6,000	5,200	800
Election Costs	50,000	9,821	40,179
Engineering	37,500	4,221	33,279
GIS Mapping	15,000		15,000
Insurance and Bonds	25,000	22,007	2,993
Landscape Maintenance - Contract	285,900	285,900	-
Landscape Maintenance and Repairs	199,975	144,879	55,096
Landscape Maintenance and Repairs - Quebec St.	4,476	4,476	-
Landscape Maintenance - PMBID	18,539	18,539	_
Landscape Maintenance - Utilities	55,000	35,292	19,708
Landscape Maintenance - Tree Care	98,525	88,126	10,399
Landscape Irrigation Maintenance and Repairs	67,000	44,256	22,744
Legal	75,000	38,937	36,063
Management	80,000	64,917	15,083
Miscellaneous	5,000	6,556	(1,556)
Public Relations	85,000	9,743	75,257
Website Design and Maintenance	1,000	-	1,000
Contingency	25,660	_	25,660
Total Expenditures	1,226,500	860,592	365,908
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EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)			
EXPENDITURES	1,578,624	1,998,331	419,707
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers Out	(1,550,000)	(1,900,000)	(350,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,550,000)	(1,900,000)	(350,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Oses)	(1,000,000)	(1,900,000)	(330,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	28,624	98,331	69,707
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	745,735	669,872	(75,863)
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 774,359	\$ 768,203	\$ (6,156)

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Park Meadows Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by District Court Order on August 12, 1982, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The District's service area is located in northern Douglas County (the County). A substantial portion of the District is located within the City of Lone Tree (the City). The District was established to provide financing for construction of streets, drainage, and safety improvements.

In March 2002, the District's Board of Directors, concurrently with Douglas County, amended the District's Service Plan to allow for greater flexibility to the District to meet its service needs. The District's original Service Plan was approved in 1981. Under the modified Service Plan, the District is authorized to participate in planning, constructing, and maintaining street and landscape improvements, primarily in cooperation with other governmental entities. Additionally, the District is authorized to participate with other governmental entities to finance the design of transportation improvements relating to the extension of a light rail system.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and contracts for all of its management and professional services.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital infrastructure.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August, and generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

The policy of the District requires that after construction, warranty, and final acceptance by the County or the City, the District will dedicate all public infrastructures, except for certain landscape street median improvements, to the County or City for perpetual maintenance. The capital assets held by the District are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives:

Landscape Street Medians

15 to 30 Years

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

Net Position

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:

Cash and Investments	\$ 6,381,008
Cash and Investments - Restricted	85,800
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 6,466,808

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022, consist of the following:

Deposit with Financial Institutions	\$ 105,522
Investments	6,361,286
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 6,466,808

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits with Financial Institutions (Continued)

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and carrying balance of \$105,522.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

<u>Investment</u>	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset	Weighted-Average	_
Trust (COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	\$ 6,361,286

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing the Trust. The Trust currently offers three portfolios – COLOTRUST PRIME, COLOTRUST PLUS+, and COLOTRUST EDGE.

COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+, which operate similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00, offer daily liquidity. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

COLOTRUST EDGE, a variable Net Asset Value (NAV) Local Government Investment Pool, offers weekly liquidity and is managed to approximate a \$10.00 transactional share price. COLOTRUST EDGE may invest in securities authorized by CRS 24-75-601, including U.S. Treasury securities, repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper, and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+ are rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily or weekly, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2022, follows:

	_	Balance at ecember 31, 2021	lı	ncreases	Decrea	ises	_	Balance at ecember 31, 2022
Capital Assets, Being								
Depreciated:								
Landscape Street Medians	\$	8,679,294	\$	107,480	\$	-	\$	8,786,774
Less Accumulated								
Depreciation for:								
Landscape Street Medians		(3,053,017)		(289,608)				(3,342,625)
Total Capital Assets,								
Being Depreciated, Net		5,626,277		(182,128)	-			5,444,149
Governmental Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	5,626,277	\$	(182,128)	\$		\$	5,444,149

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2022, was charged to general government function/program.

NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components - net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balance of bonds that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. As of December 31, 2022, the District had net investment in capital assets calculated as follows:

	_	Governmental Activities	
Net Investment in Capital Assets:	_		_
Capital Assets, Net	_	\$	5,444,149
Net Investment in Capital Assets		\$	5,444,149

Restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by auditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2022 as follows:

Restricted Net Position:	
Emergencies	\$ 85,800

The District's unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2022 totaled \$6,222,803.

NOTE 6 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 7 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

Capital Improvements

Beginning in 2002, the District has entered into various intergovernmental agreements with the City of Lone Tree (the City) and Douglas County (the County) for the purpose of sharing the costs of design, acquisition, and construction of capital improvements that benefit the District and the District's constituents. As of December 31, 2022, the District has paid \$13,355,022, pursuant to these agreements. Future years' payments of shared costs are subject to annual appropriation.

NOTE 8 INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The District transferred \$1,900,000 from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund for the purpose of funding public infrastructure costs.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS (CONTINUED)

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On May 5, 2000, the District voters approved a revenue change to allow the District to retain and spend all revenue in excess of TABOR spending, revenue raising or other limitations and all revenue in excess of the 5.5% statutory property tax revenue limitation from 1998 forward.

On May 2, 2023, the District voters approved the extension of a District General Fund mill levy of 3.472 mills through December 1, 2033 and approved that the District may collect, retain, and spend the revenue from such mill levy, along with the District's current mill levy, and investment earnings as a voter-approved revenue change, without regard to any spending, revenue-raising, or other limitations contained within TABOR or any other current or future law limiting District revenues or expenditures.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Original and Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	_				_	
Interest Income	\$	4,175	\$	65,294	_\$	61,119
Total Revenues		4,175		65,294		61,119
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting		5,000		-		5,000
Engineering		12,000		8,237		3,763
Legal		10,000		-		10,000
Management		15,000		-		15,000
Capital Outlay:						
Tuckpoint Repair		300,000		107,480		192,520
Contingency		5,000		-		5,000
Total Expenditures		347,000		115,717		231,283
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(342,825)		(50,423)		292,402
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		1,550,000		1,900,000		350,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		1,550,000		1,900,000		350,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,207,175		1,849,577		642,402
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year		3,571,836		3,690,823		118,987
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$	4,779,011	\$	5,540,400	\$	761,389

PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Prior Year Assessed Valuation	Mills Le	vied						
Year Ended December 31,	for Current Year Property	Debt		Property Taxes				Percentage Collected	
December 31,	Tax Levy Note	General	Service	_	Levied		Collected	to Levied	
2018	\$ 354,395,600	6.387	0.000	\$	2,263,525	\$	2,260,830	99.88 %	
2019	355,349,910	6.387	0.000		2,269,620		2,266,900	99.88	
2020	380,423,150	6.387	0.000		2,429,763		2,415,269	99.40	
2021	377,276,920	6.387	0.000		2,409,668		2,396,863	99.47	
2022	406,290,390	6.387	0.000		2,594,977		2,582,323	99.51	
Estimated for									
Year Ending									
December 31,									
2023	\$ 400,997,670	6.387	0.000	\$	2,561,172				

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy.