PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT Douglas County, Colorado

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Directors

Park Meadows Metropolitan District Douglas County, Colorado

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Park Meadows Metropolitan District (the District) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of Park Meadows Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Park Meadows Metropolitan District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Park Meadows Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements, including omissions, are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.







In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 Park Meadows Metropolitan District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Park Meadows Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Park Meadows Metropolitan District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Haynie & Company

Littleton, Colorado June 13, 2022

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 overnmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 4,284,954
Cash and Investments - Restricted	79,000
Receivable - County Treasurer	16,417
Receivable - Other	1,369
Prepaid Expenses	22,007
Property Taxes Receivable	2,594,977
Capital Assets, Net	5,626,277
Total Assets	12,625,001
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	43,052
Total Liabilities	 43,052
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	2,594,977
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 2,594,977
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,626,277
Restricted For:	
Emergency Reserves	79,000
Unrestricted	 4,281,695
Total Net Position	\$ 9,986,972

PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

			Program Revenues		Net Revenues (Expenses) and Change in Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Primary Government: Governmental Activities: General Government	\$ 1,957,720	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,369	\$ -	<u>\$ (1,956,351)</u>
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 1,957,720	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 1,369</u>	<u>\$ </u>	(1,956,351)
	GENERAL REVEN Property Taxes Specific Owners Interest Income Total Gener				2,396,863 232,384 3,227 2,632,474
	CHANGE IN NET	POSITION			676,123
	Net Position - Beg	inning of Year			9,310,849
	NET POSITION -	END OF YEAR			\$ 9,986,972

PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS DECEMBER 31, 2021

	General			Capital Projects	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments	\$	594,131	\$	3,690,823	\$	4,284,954
Cash and Investments - Restricted		79,000		-		79,000
Receivable - County Treasurer		16,417		-		16,417
Receivable - Other		1,369		-		1,369
Prepaid Expenses		22,007		-		22,007
Property Taxes Receivable		2,594,977		-		2,594,977
Total Assets	\$	3,307,901	\$	3,690,823	\$	6,998,724
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts Payable	\$	43,052	\$	-	\$	43,052
Total Liabilities		43,052		-		43,052
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property Tax Revenue		2,594,977		-		2,594,977
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,594,977		-		2,594,977
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid Expenses		22,007		-		22,007
Restricted For:						
Emergencies (TABOR)		79,000		-		79,000
Assigned		-		3,690,823		3,690,823
Unassigned		568,865		-		568,865
Total Fund Balances		669,872		3,690,823		4,360,695
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	3,307,901	\$	3,690,823		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:						
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not						
reported in the funds.						
Capital Assets, Net						5,626,277
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	9,986,972

PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

REVENUES	General	Capital Projects	Total Governmental Funds
Property Taxes	\$ 2,396,863	\$ -	\$ 2,396,863
Specific Ownership Taxes	232,384	÷ -	232,384
Interest Income	1,839	1,388	3,227
HRMD - Quebec Median Landscape Maintenance	1,369	, -	1,369
Total Revenues	2,632,455	1,388	2,633,843
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Accounting	42,479	1,971	44,450
Audit	4,000	-	4,000
County Treasurer's Fees	36,101	-	36,101
Directors' Fees	5,400	-	5,400
Engineering	17,839	11,530	29,369
Insurance and Bonds	22,497	-	22,497
Landscape Maintenance - Contract	280,296	-	280,296
Landscape Maintenance and Repairs	149,236	-	149,236
Landscape Maintenance and Repairs - Quebec St.	3,972	-	3,972
Landscape Maintenance - PMBID	18,539	-	18,539
Landscape Maintenance - Utilities	34,596	-	34,596
Landscape Irrigation Maintenance and Repairs	99,092	-	99,092
Legal	69,041	151	69,192
Management	70,932	4,896	75,828
Miscellaneous	1,617	-	1,617
Public Relations	21,844	-	21,844
Capital Outlay:			
Joint Projects with Douglas County			
and Lone Tree - Construction and Design:			
C-470 Trail over Yosemite Street	-	100,000	100,000
Lincoln Avenue - Mill & Overlay	-	500,000	500,000
Tuckpoint Repair	-	293,458	293,458
Brick Wall Study		180,395	180,395
Total Expenditures	877,481	1,092,401	1,969,882
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)			
EXPENDITURES	1,754,974	(1,091,013)	663,961
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In	-	1,610,000	1,610,000
Transfers Out	(1,610,000)		(1,610,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,610,000)	1,610,000	<u> </u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	144,974	518,987	663,961
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	524,898	3,171,836	3,696,734
FUND BALANCES- END OF YEAR	\$ 669,872	\$ 3,690,823	\$ 4,360,695

PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 663,961
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, capital outlay is not reported as an expenditure. However, the statement of activities will report as depreciation expense the allocation of the cost of any depreciable asset over the estimated useful life of the asset.	
Capital Outlay	293,458
Depreciation Expense	(281,296)
Changes in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 676,123

PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original and Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES	¢ 0.400.000	¢ 0.000.000	ф (40.00 с)	
Property Taxes	\$ 2,409,668	\$ 2,396,863	\$ (12,805)	
Specific Ownership Taxes	192,773	232,384	39,611	
Interest Income	2,800	1,839	(961)	
HRMD - Quebec Median Landscape			()	
Maintenance	1,600	1,369	(231)	
Total Revenues	2,606,841	2,632,455	25,614	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Accounting	44,000	42,479	1,521	
Audit	4,000	4,000	-	
County Treasurer's Fees	36,145	36,101	44	
Directors' Fees	8,000	5,400	2,600	
Engineering	35,000	17,839	17,161	
GIS Mapping	15,000	-	15,000	
Insurance and Bonds	25,000	22,497	2,503	
Landscape Maintenance - Contract	280,296	280,296	-	
Landscape Maintenance and Repairs	299,288	149,236	150,052	
Landscape Maintenance and Repairs - Quebec St.	3,972	3,972		
Landscape Maintenance - PMBID	18,539	18,539	-	
Landscape Maintenance - Utilities	50,000	34,596	15,404	
Landscape Irrigation Maintenance and Repairs	66,500	99,092	(32,592)	
Legal	60,000	69,041	(9,041)	
Management	85,000	70,932	14,068	
Miscellaneous	15,000	1,617	13,383	
Newsletter Costs	3,500	1,017	3,500	
Public Relations	5,500	21,844	(21,844)	
Website Design and Maintenance	1,000	21,044	(21,044)	
-	29,760	-	29,760	
Contingency Total Expenditures	1,080,000	877,481	202,519	
	1,000,000	077,401	202,319	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER)	4 500 044	4 754 074	000 400	
EXPENDITURES	1,526,841	1,754,974	228,133	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers Out	(1.430.000)	(1.610.000)	(180.000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,430,000)	(1,610,000)	(180,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	96,841	144,974	48,133	
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	522,458	524,898	2,440	
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 619,299	\$ 669,872	\$ 50,573	

NOTE 1 DEFINITION OF REPORTING ENTITY

Park Meadows Metropolitan District (the District), a quasi-municipal corporation and political subdivision of the state of Colorado, was organized by District Court Order on August 12, 1982, and is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act. The District's service area is located in northern Douglas County (the County). A substantial portion of the District is located within the City of Lone Tree (the City). The District was established to provide financing for construction of streets, drainage, and safety improvements.

In March 2002, the District's Board of Directors, concurrently with Douglas County, amended the District's Service Plan to allow for greater flexibility to the District to meet its service needs. The District's original Service Plan was approved in 1981. Under the modified Service Plan, the District is authorized to participate in planning, constructing, and maintaining street and landscape improvements, primarily in cooperation with other governmental entities. Additionally, the District is authorized to participate to participate with other governmental entities to finance the design of transportation improvements relating to the extension of a light rail system.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens, and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

The District has no employees, and contracts for all of its management and professional services.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the sum of assets and deferred outflows and the sum of liabilities and deferred inflows is reported as net position.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes and specific ownership taxes. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of capital infrastructure.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at yearend. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated.

The District has amended its annual budget for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Pooled Cash and Investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from a single bank account. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August, and generally, sale of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflow of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The unearned property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Capital Assets

The policy of the District requires that after construction, warranty, and final acceptance by the County or the City, the District will dedicate all public infrastructures, except for certain landscape street median improvements, to the County or City for perpetual maintenance. The capital assets held by the District are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable. Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the estimated economic useful lives:

Landscape Street Medians

30 Years

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *deferred property tax revenue*, is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

Equity

<u>Net Position</u>

For government-wide presentation purposes, when both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's practice to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund Balance

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as prepaid amounts or inventory) or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as bondholders), constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Directors. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the Board of Directors.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance (Continued)

Assigned Fund Balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the Board of Directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed.

Unassigned Fund Balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the criteria described above.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's practice to use the most restrictive classification first.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 4,284,954
Cash and Investments - Restricted	79,000
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 4,363,954

Cash and investments as of December 31, 2021, consist of the following:

Deposit with Financial Institutions	\$ 23,294
Investments	 4,340,660
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 4,363,954

Deposits with Financial Institutions

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2021, the District's cash deposits had a bank balance and carrying balance of \$23,294.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, the District follows state statutes regarding investments.

The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk or investment custodial risk disclosure requirements for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities, and securities of the World Bank
 - General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Certain certificates of participation
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- * Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2021, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	 Amount
Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset	Weighted-Average	
Trust (COLOTRUST)	Under 60 Days	\$ 4,340,660

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

COLOTRUST

The District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST) (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing the Trust. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and any security allowed under CRS 24-75-601. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by the Trust. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's. COLOTRUST records its investments at fair value and the District records its investment in COLOTRUST at net asset value as determined by fair value. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice period.

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

An analysis of the changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2021, follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2020		ncreases	Deci	reases	Balance at December 31, 2021		
Capital Assets, Being								
Depreciated: Landscape Street Medians	\$ 8,385,836	\$	293,458	\$	-	\$	8,679,294	
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:								
Landscape Street Medians	 (2,771,721)		(281,296)		-		(3,053,017)	
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net Governmental Activities	 5,614,115		12,162				5,626,277	
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 5,614,115	\$	12,162	\$	-	\$	5,626,277	

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2021, was charged to general government function/program.

NOTE 5 NET POSITION

The District has net position consisting of three components - net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation. As of December 31, 2021, the District had net investment in capital assets of \$5,626,277.

Restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by auditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District had a restricted net position as of December 31, 2021 as follows:

Restricted Net Position: Emergencies

\$ 79,000

The District's unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2021 totaled \$4,281,695.

NOTE 6 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials' liability, boiler and machinery and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, and public officials' liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 7 INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

Capital Improvements

Beginning in 2002, the District has entered into various intergovernmental agreements with the City of Lone Tree (the City) and Douglas County (the County) for the purpose of sharing the costs of design, acquisition, and construction of capital improvements that benefit the District and the District's constituents. During 2021, the District paid \$600,000 pursuant to these agreements. As of December 31, 2021, the District has paid \$13,355,022, pursuant to these agreements. Future years' payments of shared costs are subject to annual appropriation.

NOTE 8 INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The District transferred \$1,610,000 from the General Fund to the Capital Projects Fund for the purpose of funding public infrastructure costs.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR), contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the state of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the Emergency Reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On May 5, 2000, the District voters approved a revenue change to allow the District to retain and spend all revenue in excess of TABOR spending, revenue raising or other limitations and all revenue in excess of the 5.5% statutory property tax revenue limitation from 1998 forward.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Budget .	Amou	unts	Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
REVENUES						
Interest Income	\$ 16,900	\$	2,000	\$ 1,388	\$	(612)
Total Revenues	 16,900		2,000	 1,388		(612)
EXPENDITURES						
Accounting	6,000		3,000	1,971		1,029
Engineering	10,000		10,000	11,530		(1,530)
Legal	10,000		2,000	151		1,849
Management	10,000		10,000	4,896		5,104
Capital Outlay:						
Joint Projects with Douglas County						
and Lone Tree - Construction and Design:						
Lincoln Avenue - Mill & Overlay	500,000		500,000	500,000		-
C-470 Trail over Yosemite Street	100,000		100,000	100,000		-
Tuckpoint Repair	300,000		300,000	293,458		6,542
Brick Wall Study	100,000		175,800	180,395		(4,595)
Contingency	 -		1,200	 -		1,200
Total Expenditures	 1,036,000	_	1,102,000	 1,092,401		9,599
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,019,100)		(1,100,000)	(1,091,013)		8,987
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	 1,430,000		1,500,000	 1,610,000		110,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 1,430,000		1,500,000	 1,610,000		110,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	410,900		400,000	518,987		118,987
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 3,179,749		3,171,836	 3,171,836		
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,590,649	\$	3,571,836	\$ 3,690,823	\$	118,987

PARK MEADOWS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED VALUATION, MILL LEVY, AND PROPERTY TAXES COLLECTED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Prior Year Assessed Valuation for Current Year Property		Mills Levied							
Year Ended				Debt	Property Taxes			Percentage Collected		
December 31,		ax Levy Note	General	Service		Levied Collected		Collected	to Levied	
2017	\$	329,916,980	6.387	0.000	\$	2,107,180	\$	2,097,662	99.55 %	
2018		354,395,600	6.387	0.000		2,263,525		2,260,830	99.88	
2019		355,349,910	6.387	0.000		2,269,620		2,266,900	99.88	
2020		380,423,150	6.387	0.000		2,429,763		2,415,269	99.40	
2021		377,276,920	6.387	0.000		2,409,668		2,396,863	99.47	
Estimated for Year Ending December 31,										
2022	\$	406,290,390	6.387	0.000	\$	2,594,977				

NOTE: Property taxes collected in any one year include collection of delinquent property taxes levied in prior years. Information received from the County Treasurer does not permit identification of specific year of levy.